The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1868. NO. 227.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

From the New York Journal of Commerce.

OVER THE OCEAN FOR A LESSON.

It does not speak well for the originality of fertility of American statesmanship that we should be obliged to look to England for a lesson in the art of government. But such is the fact.

England is to-day—at this very late day—inaugurating the policy towards Ireland which, if she had adopted it many years ago, would have preserved for her the loyalty of that isle, would have detained at home hundreds of thousands of people who have emigrated to this country to escape British oppression, and would have converted what is now an unprofitable possession into a source of great profit to the crown.—Every other policy has been tried towards Ireland except that of conciliation and justice. Without going into the history of so dry and wearisome a matter as the relations of England to Ireland, we may say at once that the general plan pursued by the former has been that of coercion by military power. Sometimes the grasp upon the throat of Ireland has been tight and sometimes it has been lax; but it has always been upon the throat. Whatever temporary concessions England has made to allay the spirit of Irish discontent, she has never ceased to preserve towards the subjugated people the attitude of a conqueror and a master. Ireland has been forced to wear the badge and to pay the tax of servitude. No pleasing device could make the badge tolerable to the sensitive pride of Irishman. No tax, however small, which savored of injustice or oppression, has been paid by them unaccompanied by a muttered threat or curse.

Now, after all these years of miserable variations upon the one dull theme of the martial system, England is trying the novel plan of equity and liberality towards her unhappy dependency. Behold the result. The Irish troubles cease as if by magic—Before the Irish debates commenced in the British Parliament Ireland was full of Fenians, the reports of whose daily and nightly murders and acts of incendiarism were the burden of our cable telegrams. The disaffection was spreading rapidly in the most dangerous form of oath-bound societies and secret terrorisms. London, Liverpool, Manchester, all the great cities of England, swarmed with Fenians. Obscure English towns, in the centres of hitherto peaceful districts, were suddenly convulsed by the apparition of conspirators who seemed to spring up out of the ground. Executions, imprisonment, all the repressive measures which England could devise, failed to check these outrages. It was not until the Commons earnestly began to discuss practical measures for the relief of Ireland, and the abolition of the Irish church was proposed to commence with—that the midnight assassinations and house-burnings ceased.—The frenzy of the insurgents suddenly cooled. They are willing to wait and see what England would do in the line of long delayed justice. The answer was speedily given in the vote of Parliament for the repeal of one of the oldest and perhaps the most odious of the Irish wrongs—the saddling of a costly national church upon a people, seven-eighths of whom do not belong to it, and are rendered all the more disaffected and dangerous by its presence.—Since then the tranquility of Ireland has been so remarkable as to leave little doubt that a continuance of the same kind and generous policy will at last work the miracle of making Ireland as loyal as any part of England.

There may be irrepressible agitators, half demented enthusiasts, whom nothing will conciliate. Some of the men—a small portion, probably, of the whole Irish population—who have done the murder and the burnings thus far, may be reluctant to give up that exciting occupation; but they will gradually be caught and hung or shot, as they deserve to be. Fenianism, in its inhuman and monstrous aspects, will disappear. This happy result will be hastened by the visit which the Prince and Princess of Wales are now making to Irish soil. We do not see, in the enthusiastic reception extended to the royal couple, evidence so much of super-loyalty to the crown as of sympathy and gratitude toward the new dispositions of the English people. Loyalty of the old Tory pattern is at a discount in England now; and Ireland cannot be expected to go beyond England in expressions of attachment for almost outgrown institutions. England will feel satisfied to know that Ireland looks less upon the past, where there is so little common ground of attachment, than towards the future, along the democratic road which the two peoples may travel so well together. It should be remembered that the concessions which are winning over Ireland proceed not from the crown but from the people.

If England has miserably failed, after so many years of military domination, to make a small and thinly populated island, close at hand, "loyal," prosperous and happy, how soon may we reasonably expect to force the white people of all our Southern States, at the point of the bayonet, to yield cheerfully to every whim and caprice that the humor of conquerors may impose upon them! The question belongs to mathematicians and to military men, and to them we may leave it. But if English precedents, to which we often refer in other matters, are good for anything in this case, we may predict confidently that the military plan will utterly fail to reconcile the South, as it has utterly failed to reconcile Ireland to English rule. It would be wise for us to take warning from England in our national exigency. Let us profit from her long experience, and institute now that policy of kindness and conciliation towards the South which we shall eventually have to fall back upon, after long series of experiments shall have demonstrated to our satisfaction the fallacy of vengeance and compulsion as cardinal principles in any system of government.

HOW A RADICAL OBTAINS HIS JEWELRY.

We have received a letter from Baton Rouge, stating that a Radical candidate for the State Senate from the parish of East Baton Rouge, and a member of the Constitutional Convention, was arrested on the first day of the recent election, for sporting in his shirt front the breastpin of Judge Buckner. Upon being interrogated as to how the pin came into his possession, he replied that he had purchased it of a little negro boy some months ago. The pin is well known and valuable, and was stolen from the premises of Judge Buckner in November last. As the name of the owner is engraved in full on the pin, it is considered rather strange that it was not returned "some months ago."—*New Orleans Times, April 23d.*

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868,
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.
WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 5 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

DRUGS.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
(Successors to Geo. B. Jones & Co.)
Steamers, Lower Washington Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

INVITE the Merchants, Physicians and Planters of Virginia, North Carolina and Tennessee to examine their extensive stock of
Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Brushes, Combs, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Perfumery, Soaps, &c., &c., &c., &c.
WALTER B. JORDAN, JOSEPH CARR.
April 17—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEDICAL SOCIETY
OF THE
STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE Fifteenth Annual meeting of the Medical Society of North Carolina will take place in Warrenton, N. C., on Wednesday, the 27th day of May, 1868.
Delegates will be permitted to pass over the Railroads for one fare.
Dr. Wm. A. B. Norcom, of Edenton, will deliver the Annual Oration.
By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD,
April 17-tm Secretary.

THE Prices of our Shoes will give satisfaction.
Apr. 16. G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

Flour! Flour!
75 SACKS N. C. FLOUR.
50 bbls. N. C. and Patapsco Family Flour.
For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.
3,000 LBS. RIB SIDES,
At
April 21-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

SPRING TRADE.
1868. 1868.

12 KEGS ten penny nails and other sizes.
Blasting and Rifle Powder.
Shot and Bar Lead.
Best Kerosene Oil, by the barrel or retail.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Apr 20-tf With Hart & Lewis.

BUCK EYE SULKY PLOW, REAPER AND MOWER!

On exhibition at the Farmer's Hall, the Buck Eye Sulky Plow, to which the attention of our farmers is respectfully called.
I am also special Agent for the sale of the celebrated Buck Eye Reaper and Mower, at Manufacturer's prices, with freight added.
The sooner we commence using these immense labor saving machines, the better for all concerned. JAMES M. TOWLES,
Apr. 15-tf. Agent.

WHITE PEPPER.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At
Feb 3-159-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Bacon! Bacon!
10,000 LBS. COUNTRY (hog round) Bacon. For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At
March 2—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs. Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.
10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

The Last of the Season.
20 BARRELS POTATOES.
JACKSON WHITES!
DYKEMANS!
MERCERS!
EARLY GOODRICH!
For sale by
April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

UNION COTTON MILLS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

The Union Manufacturing Company will expose to public sale on Tuesday the 21st of May, 1868, their
VALUABLE COTTON MILLS,
situated on Deep River, in the County of Randolph, 10 miles North of Asheboro, and 16 miles South-east of High Point. The factory building is a large brick edifice, containing eight spinning frames with the necessary machinery, and twenty-one looms. There is connected with the premises a
FIRST CLASS FLOURING MILL,
WOOL-CARDING MACHINES,
OIL MILL AND COTTON GIN,
Together with THIRTEEN GOOD BUILDINGS for the accommodation of operatives, and a good STORE HOUSE, with basement.
JESSE WALKER, Agent
April 11-td New Market, N. C.

FRESH PEACHES!!
30 dozen 2 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4 00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8 50 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.
Apply to
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 19-164-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

SUGAR! SUGAR!
15,000 lbs Brown Sugars at
Apr 20-tf UP. HURCH & DODD'S.

CORN! CORN!
2,500 Bushels Corn at
Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

FAMILY FLOUR.
25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

Star's Snuff,
FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by
March 13—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.
Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.
Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.
We have reduced the price to $5 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.
Send your orders to
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,
No. 21 Fayetteville St.,
RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a
BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER
STOCK OF GOODS
To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.
MANUFACTURERS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,
Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,
BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES
and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment
They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.
Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-134-tf

WILLIAM W. JONES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.
Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.
March 31—3m.

Hay! Hay! Hay!
100 BALES PRIME HAY.
For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FOR SALE.
THREE handsome residences, and well improved lots, in the city.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Apr. 15-68. Auction & Com. Merchants.

FAMILY GROCERIES.
"A" Coffee Sugar, Cut Loaf Sugar
Old Java Coffee, Laguira Coffee, Rio Coffee,
Black Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs,
Ground Cinnamon.
Raleigh, April 11-tf J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis

Molasses, Molasses!
50 HHDS. NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES, arriving and to arrive at
April 10-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANNED OYSTERS!
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

For Sale.
PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel
W. H. JONES & CO.
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS
At
TONNOFFSKI'S.

PRUNES.
6 dozen Jars, very superior.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SPUN COTTON.
500 Pinches Cotton Yarns, just received
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.
At
TONNOFFSKI'S.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!
A lot of New Eastern Herrings, just received at
April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CORN, CORN, CORN.
A large supply on hand and arriving.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

PICKLED BEEF.
10 Bbls for sale, cheap.
W. H. JONES & Co.
Apr 27-tf Com. Merchants.

COFFEE! COFFEE!
30 Bags prime Rio Coffee at
Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are unadvised as to the interests of others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine exactly what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to benefit honest, but unfortunate, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is unable to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of all their debts and liabilities, of every kind and description whatever, and also an inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner, before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U S Commissioner, must accompany the petition and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or shifterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property by him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. In other words, the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new leaf is turned over." On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the applicant in Bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy, and in case no assets come into the hands of the assignee, or no debts be proved against his estate, at any time after the expiration of that days.

10. As soon as an Assignee is elected or appointed, the Judge or Register will convey to him, by deed of assignment, all the bankrupt's property except what is exempted, viz: "Household and kitchen furniture and other necessaries not exceeding in value $500 five hundred dollars, also his wearing apparel and that of his wife and children, and such other property not included in the foregoing as is exempt from levy and sale upon execution or other process of the laws of the State in which the bankrupt resides, to an amount not exceeding that allowed by state exemption laws in force in 1864 or 65." Upon this latter suggests, under this head, that the common impression that persons may become bankrupts and yet be allowed to retain their horses and lands, or other property of considerable value, is a great mistake. Under the Act, no honest Bankrupt in this State can have retained to him, free from the operation of the Act exceeding $700 besides the wearing apparel of himself and family. Bankrupts in this State are not entitled to homesteads under this Act.

11. If in the day of the assignee, within twenty days after the assignment to him is made to add to the bankrupt such articles as are exempted, and the an inventory of to examine with the value of each article so allowed, and creditors may make objections to the report of the assignee at any time within twenty days after it is filed.

12. As to cases in bankruptcy proceedings, section 46 of the Bankrupt Act provides that the petitioner, before a warrant issues, shall deposit fifty dollars with the Register, or with the Clerk, to be delivered to the Register as a security for the fees. General order XXIX provides that the fees of the Register, Marshal and Clerk shall be prepaid or secured before they can be compelled to act. It is also provided by General order XXX, that where the debtor has no means, and can prove the fact to the satisfaction of the Court, upon application, an order will be made requiring all the costs in the case to be paid out of the fifty dollars deposited with the Reg ster. If, however, there are assets, but not enough to pay the Messenger after deducting the Bankrupt's exempted property, so that nothing comes into the hands of the Assignee, the fees will have to be paid by the Bankrupt; but if the Assignee receives assets, the fees of the Messenger will be paid by him before any dividend is made among creditors.

13. Some suppose that the Register is entitled to $30 fee. The fees of the Register, Messenger, Clerk, and costs of publication of notices in Bankruptcy, are fixed by law, and if they demand higher fees, they are liable, as in other cases of malfeasance in office. In ordinary cases of Bankruptcy, the fees may amount to $100. In some cases more, in some less—the costs depending on the amount of labor and litigation involved in each case.

14. Differences of opinion among Attorneys have existed in this State, as to the limit which the Act makes as to the time to make application in Bankruptcy. Some have supposed that no debt or will be permitted to apply in Bankruptcy after some carry day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation in the particular for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to deliver, at reduced prices, PURE PERUVIAN GUANO and REESE'S SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.
Also, best GROUND NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER.
J. R. S-P. A. DUNN,
Forestville, N. C.
J. M. McPHEETERS,
Mar 23—tf Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.
Thirty-two inch Smith's Bellows.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE
Five good Mules, four Wagons and a lot of Harness. Apply to
Mar 30—tf BRIGGS, DODD & CO.

JELLIES, JELLIES.
At
TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At
TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Pickles at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

FRESH CANNED TOMATOES, at 30c. Preserved Ginger, Spices of all kinds, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.
Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.
It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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Jan 28-145-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.
DR. LAWRENCE'S
CELEBRATED
ROSADALIS,
FOR THE CURE OF
SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,
SUCH AS
CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,
AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED
By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.
A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
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R. W. KING, M. D.
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.
January 7th, 1868.
I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.
T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.
☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.
☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

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J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)
PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.
☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.
All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
late Proprietor and Manufacturer,
23 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

WALTER CLARK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.
Jan 29-148-6m

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 5th Congressional District.
Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 22-204-tf

APPLES.—A few bbls N. C. Apples
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

IRISH POTATOES.
Another lot of N. C. Potatoes, very fine.
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

DRY GOODS.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,
AT
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND
NEW GOODS
Just Received at LOW PRICES.
Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.
BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:
SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;
And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.
A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,
At the old stand of
Nov. 27—96-tf S. H. YOUNG.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK.
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,
New York.
Sept 28—45-tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.
PROPRIETORS OF THE
WESTBROOK NURSERIES,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of
CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES
which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.
NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.
Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.
Address,
WESTBROOK & CO.
Box 60, Greensboro, N. C.
Jan 27-149-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.
BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,
CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of
BOOKS AND STATIONERY,
at reduced prices.
Some assortments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books sold cheap.
Particular attention paid to orders
BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 148 tf Raleigh, N. C.

1868. 1868.
SPRING TRADE.
TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at as WORK PRICES!
Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.
The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of southern Merchants. He is by avoiding himself of the best and most improved machinery prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.
Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.
I will tak any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.
Send for a Price List and compare with your northern Bills—I will trade fair.
I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent and others of best make and will sell right.
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Sugars, Sugars.
A LOT OF REFINED SUGARS, in barrels.
April 6-tf Just received by UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL
Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate
of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.
We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.
For information, address
JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.
Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-1

Snuff, Snuff.
A LARGE supply, in large and small blankets. Also, in pape s and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.
Feb 13-153-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BLACK PEPPER AND ALLSPICE, MACE, and Ginger, at
April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY," received this morning. A supply always on hand.
Jan 25-142-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

COX'S GELATINE.
At
TONNOFFSKI'S.

FISH HOOKS AND LINES.
A large assortment just received at
April 23-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.
NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the Great Through Inland Air Line Route to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the Ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more Dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!
The Great Inland Air Line Freight
ROUTE,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!
To Insure your Freight being carried over this Great Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, and to ship as follows:
FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miners' Line, 2nd st Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.
FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach st., Office 227, Greenwich st. Cor. Day; M. L. McCready, President.
FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(Via Annamessix,) Pidg., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light Street Wharf.
D. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-208-tf Raleigh N. C

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., COMPANY SHOPS, N. C., April 1, 1868.
On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.56 P. M.
" Salisbury	2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9.41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12.25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.30 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.47 P. M.
" Salisbury	9.35 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.
Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.
Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 3 A. M., and arrive at 6.20 P. M.
April 4—tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

MISCELLANEOUS

HENRY OWENS, of Baltimore, | S. B. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER OWENS, Jr., Late of S. Carolina.
GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
AND
General Commission Merchants.
105 West Lombard Street,
BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDIZE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.
Sept. 30—43-codSm&w3m

ON HAND.
Glass Goblets, Tumblers and Wine Glasses.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF MARYLAND HAMS.
Mar 19—tf At TONNOFFSKI'S.

For Sale.
DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO in 5 lb. Bags.
Mar 16—tf W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auction & Com. Merchants.

STAVES WANTED.
We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on CARS or VESSEL,
500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd "
100,000 White Oak "Heading,
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Hhd "
Norfolk Inspection.
The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.
Dimensions, and full particulars of getting Staves properly, furnished on application to
CHARLES REID & SON.
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.
WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR SUPply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C
Feb. 17-163-tf

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.
SPRING TRADE, 1868.
No. 44 Fayetteville Street.
Tools, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Finishing Brads, Hames, Trace Chains, Weeding Hoes.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, March 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

TOBACCO AGENCY.
We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.
Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.
Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.
COWAN & HARRIS,
Commission Merchants
April 21-3m Norfolk, Va.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,
Grocers and Commission Merchants.
Market Square, Raleigh, N. C.
Orders for Cotton promptly filled
Refer to Jno. G. Williams & Co., and Cashier National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
April 16—tf.

For Sale.
FIGS, Nutmegs, Ground Black Pepper, and the best Mustard.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

CANDIES! CANDIES!
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

HAMS.
Virginia and N. C. Hams, very choice.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
April 27-tf Com. Merchants.

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The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

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One year.....8.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year.....4.00
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Weekly Sentinel, one year.....2.00
" " " six months.....1.00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1868

INTEREST ON THE STATE DEBT.

Our opposition to the new Constitution was not based upon a mere prejudice against its framers, but upon a conviction of its general viciousness and its want of adaptation to the real wants and necessities of our people. Opposed as we are upon principle to the doctrine of unconditional *universal* suffrage, even among white people, as intrinsically and necessarily pernicious in a constitutional Republic, we could not, without totally ignoring all our cherished principles, vote for or advocate *universal negro suffrage*, thus increasing twenty times in the South, in the exercise of the elective franchise, the ignorant and semi-civilized governing power among us; yet if the Congress, assuming the right to impose upon us a Constitution of its own forming, had given us one incorporating the simple principle of universal suffrage among all races, while we should have expressed our dissent as to its wisdom and practical utility, we would have quietly acquiesced in its determination.

An intelligent Republican, who believes in the right of suffrage alike to all, remarked to us, on the eve of the meeting of the late State Convention, that that body would show its wisdom, by taking the Constitution framed by the Convention of 1865-'66 and adopting it, simply erasing the word *white*. "That would be enough for me," said he. Our reply was, that, notwithstanding the deep seated opposition of our people to the new idea of negro equality, such was their anxiety to see a restoration of peace and good feeling between the sections, that we believed if such a Constitution was offered them, it would meet with very little opposition. We incline to the same opinion still.

The Constitution formed, and which has been recently ratified, is, however, a very different thing—every article being marred and rendered odious by the taint of Radicalism. We have, however, been represented as being opposed to that feature in the Constitution, which declares the validity and inviolability of the State debt. This is an entire misrepresentation of our position. We hold that the integrity of the State ought to be above suspicion; that her uniform conduct and the character of the teachings of her public men ought to be such as to render her integrity and her obligations unimpeachable; that the incorporation of an obligation upon the State to pay her just debts, in her organic law, so far from preserving her integrity, is an impeachment or suspicion that her people lack integrity. We, therefore, could not see the propriety of the clause. It does not make the State debt one iota surer. In former days, when every man *respected* Constitutions and observed the sanctity of an oath, it was not necessary, and now, when Constitutions are mere wishes in the hands of party, it affords no protection. It is rather an ominous bid to demagogues to agitate for repudiation, and we fear it *will prove so.*

The point of our objection to the action of the Convention, in regard to the public debt and its interest, was that it did not leave the *time*, as well as the providing of the means, entirely to the better wisdom and option of the General Assembly. That body, coming fresh from the people, and we hope far better acquainted with their condition than the mongrel Convention was, was the proper body to arrange that matter.

We are in favor of paying just debts, when it can be done. We do not believe the people are able to bear the heavy tax requisite for the payment of the interest on the public debt, now. It will take time, even under favorable circumstances, to make them able to bear the full burden.—To force them, beyond their means, to do so, will only tend to encourage dissatisfaction and the spirit of repudiation.

But it is said, that the people of North Carolina paid, last year, a million and a half to the government on the cotton tax, which they will not have to pay, this year, and, *therefore*, they can pay their interest. But the payment of the cotton tax broke many of our planters, and injured the laborers, as well as the planters. Our cotton planters were the only people in the State who had the means to pay the cotton tax.—If the cotton planters are successful this year, and make a good crop, they will be the only people in the State, except, perhaps, the tobacco planters, who will be able to bear any tax upon their products. But State taxation must be equal and bear equally upon all classes and conditions, and if taxation is judiciously laid upon property and income, it will be found exceedingly oppressive to the people. Recuperation is what the State needs. Organic or statute laws cannot make a State thrive. Labor, enterprise and skill alone can bring up our people to the full tax-paying standard.—When they arrive at that standard, then the people can bear the burdens of taxation, and then they will pay readily; but to force taxation, *to the point of oppression and ruin*, will breed discontent and *the spirit of repudiation!*

STILL THEY COME.—The Radical vultures continue to swarm Raleigh-wards. Yesterday favored us with the presence of several of the cormorant flock. Brogden was here,—looking unusually like Curtis,—Heaton and Robinson were on hand, and several others of the delectables were congregated. They were either attracted to the nigger jubilation, last night, or they are concocting some fresh schemes of mischief. Let them go ahead and "run the machine."

"STAND BY THE SHIP."

We hear it reported that many of our best men intend leaving the State in view of the ratification of the Constitution. We call upon them to consider the matter well before they make the move. Something is due to country as well as to self. We are fully prepared to appreciate their feelings with regard to the matter. We anticipate the very worst state of affairs. We cannot see anything ahead but anarchy, confusion and misrule. There are thousands of white men in the State who have sold their country, sacrificed their honor, forfeited their respectability, and deserve no better fate than perfect negro association with all its attending evil and degradation. But there are many more who have manfully breasted the tide which has swept over them. Comparatively a small number can expatriate themselves. They must, from necessity, remain and endure the evils they could not prevent.

In view of this, we call upon every true man, to "stand by the ship." Do not desert the good old State, in the hour of greatest need. Let us wait and be patient. We have stood together as one man in the recent trying conflict, and let us share the evil together. Let us not forsake the graves of our parents, the homes of our youth, the altars we have erected, and our rightful heritage; but trust to providence and the inherent power of right, for the future.

We clip the above from the Warrenton *Courier*, for the purpose of adding a few words. In view of the circumstances by which the Southern people are environed, it is plainly the duty of every true white man, unless his condition and circumstances are peculiar, to "stand by the ship." If we were sure that the Southern people would always be the subjects of the relentless hate and revenge of the Radical party, which have been so bitter and persistent ever since the war closed, and if we were sure that the Radical policy and programme would prevail in the South for any long term of years, then we should urge every true white man of the South to "set his house in order," and to leave for some country, where white people live and white people govern. But it is all important, if one or many leave, that *all* should leave, who are opposed to Radicalism. But this, now, is a physical, if not a moral, impossibility. It is, therefore, advisable that all true men in the South should remain and labor for the welfare of themselves and of their States.

The menaces and abuse of the Radicals, and of their press, while they may excite our unqualified contempt, should be suffered to pass by unnoticed. They threaten and attempt to ridicule, and, indeed, seem anxious to *drive* us out, but nothing could so afflict them as a general *exodus* of the *true* white men of the State. Having no Conservatives then to excite their hate and bitter revenge, their engines of destruction would be turned upon each other and against the poor negro, and no one could doubt the result.

We counsel, therefore, quiet, the promotion of peace and good will, and the strict observance of law. Let each man strive to improve his pecuniary condition by industry and integrity, but let us maintain our principles and strive to inculcate sound, patriotic sentiments among our people, and devotion to the Constitution and the Union. By the blessing of Heaven, a brighter day will soon dawn upon us!

BROWNLOW, with a bold and wanton exercise of power, and in utter defiance of legislative authority, has called out the militia of that *reconstructed* State, composed of white outlaws and negro vagabonds, for the purpose of "suppressing disorders,"—which, wherever they exist, are the natural fruits of black Radical rule in that State. There can never be peace, quiet and order where that rule prevails, for the reason that its natural ailment is malevolence, ill feeling and strife. However much the law loving, Conservative portion of the community may seek tranquility,—however much they may deprecate "disorders" and strive to avoid strife and contention,—their very disposition to do this will only the more encourage the ungovernable, lawless, turbulent and vindictive spirit of Radicalism. It lives on discord and hate—it can only breathe, like the reptiles that derive their vitality from foul exhalations, in an atmosphere of unquiet and agitation. If we could have the peace, and calm, and happiness of other days, there would, necessarily, be no Radicalism. This its miserably selfish and corrupt leaders know, and hence their efforts to keep the elements perturbed and convulsed.

The militia of Tennessee cost that State, last year, upwards of $300,000. The expense of maintaining it now, *on a war footing*, will be greatly in excess of that amount,—and for this the unhappy people of our sister State are to be taxed until they will fairly groan beneath the pressure. But *that*, bad as it is in the present impoverished condition of her people, will be but a slight evil compared with the popular commotions and exacerbations to which the presence, menaces and depredations of this ruffian militia will give rise. It is composed, judging from the accounts we have seen of it, of just the sort of material for pillage and highway robberies, and is officered by "pets" of Brownlow, whose chief recommendation probably is that they are daring and desperate villains.

Under the operation of the infamous Constitution, when the Federal military shall have been withdrawn from our borders, there is grave reason to apprehend that poor old North Carolina may be afflicted with a similar terrible condition of things. Perhaps it will be worse, for the reason that, bad as Brownlow, the Tennessee ruler, is, he is a sort of a *saint* compared with some of the men into whose hands the power has fallen in North Carolina.—Brownlow is at least an open, undisguised daring tyrant. *He* would scorn to set up a claim of moderation, which he does not feel. *He* would not wear a hidden stiletto and stab you in the back. There is a sort of manly ruffianism about him. He is what he professes to be, and, all the world over, an open foe is better than a sneaking and covert enemy.

Forney's *Chronicle* is for sale—so are Forney's principles. He ask $50,000 for the former, but will sell the latter for what he can get.—*Mail, in Cincinnati Commercial.*

HON. BEDFORD BROWN.

The sublimest spectacle presented in the late contest was that of this distinguished statesman and patriot canvassing against the new Constitution. He was the Conservative candidate for the Senate in Caswell, and it was mainly owing to his exertions that that county, in which there was more than 700 registered majority of negro votes, gave a majority against the Constitution, and elected the Conservative ticket for State and county officers.

Col. Brown is, we believe, the oldest public man in North Carolina, with a single exception. That exception is the Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, of Warren. Col. Brown first entered public life as a member of the Legislature in the year 1815, more than fifty-two years ago. Since that time he has filled the highest positions of honor and trust which it was in the power of the State to confer upon him, and filled them to the satisfaction of all. The measure of his honorable ambition was full, and no motive but that of the loftiest patriotism could ever have tempted him to appear upon the political arena again. In flanenced by such considerations as these he became a candidate for Congress in 1865—believing that, from his extensive acquaintance and intimacy with the public men of the North, he could render *very important* service to the people of North Carolina. As is known, we were his successful competitor in that contest. We only refer to it to bear testimony to his lofty and chivalrous bearing in the canvass, and to the patriotism which we believe influenced him in becoming a candidate. During the canvass he repeatedly told us that, whether elected or defeated, that would be his *last* appearance before the public as a candidate for office.

But alas! the hope of a speedy and harmonious re-union of the States, which he at that time anticipated, and in which he was so anxious to assist as the closing scene of his long and useful public life, was destined not then, and perhaps never, to be realized. A more alarming crisis in the history of his beloved State than ever before threatened it has arisen. True to the instincts of his blood, his noble nature and true patriotism, he again buckled on his armor to do battle for the cause of civilization and good government—for "God and his native land." And most nobly and gallantly has he done his part. He now goes to the Senate, where, though he, and those who act with him, may be overborne by numbers, yet his venerable years, his long experience, his unquestioned patriotism, and his manly and chivalrous bearing, will command the respect of even the most reckless of his opponents. Though he cannot control the Legislature, his influence will yet be felt for good.

His canvass against the Constitution, and his term of service in the Senate, will, in all human probability, close his long and useful public career. And the cause in which he fought his last political contest was one worthy to close the career of such a man, however much we and posterity may regret that it ever arose.

No higher compliment could possibly be paid to his high integrity, great worth, and exalted patriotism, than the manner in which he has always been sustained by the people of the intelligent County of Caswell. Before them he was always omnipotent, and the recent election shows that this confidence in him was not confined alone to the white people of the county.—*Old North State.*

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.—Mr. Evarts commenced his argument. He drew from his port folio a large mass of notes, to which he only occasionally referred. Scarcely half a dozen words had fall a from his lips, before the marks of interest and anxiety to catch every sentence were visible on the face of *every* one in the vast concourse.—Like the venerable Senators of Rome sat the Senators, giving the utmost heed to that which was addressed them, and remaining fixed and immovable in their seats. The Chief Justice never once took his eyes off the speaker. The stillness of death was in that vast chamber, broken only by the impressive tones of the speaker.

In his exordium, Mr. Evarts spoke, in such eloquent terms as can never be forgotten by those who heard, of the solemnity of the occasion, the dread responsibility which weighed on all the participants, the mighty issues for weal or for woe, that were bound up in the result, and never did man seem to realize more fully the force of what he uttered. His gestures were the poetry of motion, and his slight, attenuated form seemed to tremble with nervous energy, and ever and anon his ominous forefinger, pointed in the air, shook with such solemn warning as to send a thrill to the innermost recesses of the heart. His voice was as melodious as that of the serpent charmer, now with a burst that swelled to the very top of the lofty chamber, sending the blood tingling through every vein, and again dying out softly as the Southern wind. He spoke nearly two hours, but when he asked to stop for the day, the request was received with a feeling of regret, and all seemed loth to leave the scene. It is not too much to say that the burning words which leaped from the mouth of Mr. Evarts to-day produced a deep effect on the minds of those to whom they were specially addressed. So much engrossed were they that it was several minutes after Mr. Evarts stopped before a motion was made to adjourn.—*Wash. Cor Balt. Sun.*

We wish every man in America could have heard the words of Messrs. Groesbeck and Evarts. They are gentlemen whose characters rise far above the petty actors now prominent on the stage; they are able to comprehend the past, to forecast the future, and to realize, with sagacious observation and judgment, the bearings of the acts now being wrought into history. Even so high a body as the American Senate, numbering its own able members, may listen with profit to suggestions marked by so much of thought, eloquence, and patriotism as have fallen from their lips. We do not wonder at the careful attention they have bestowed upon these speeches, and we hail it as an augury of an upright vote and an impartial decision.

Mr. Sumner came forward yesterday with only one amendment to the rules, which was in the nature of counting chickens before they were hatched. It assumed conviction by two-thirds, and provided for pronouncing judgment upon the order of a majority. A few more such orders, and people will begin to ask whether Mr. Sumner had any comprehension of the oath he took lately to do "impartial justice."—*Nat. Intel.* 30th.

NEGRO.—We understand that some of the negroes hereabouts object to our calling them negroes, and say that if we would stop it and style them colored people, a good many of them would take our paper. We do not care a straw whether they take the paper or not—they can take it if they like or let it alone. We call things by their proper terms, and if the negroes will look into Northern made dictionaries, they will find the word "negro" to mean "one of the black race of men in Africa, or one descended from this race." We use the term "negro" in no offensive sense, but simply because it is right and proper to contra-distinguish the black man from the white.—*Milton Chronicle.*

TABULAR STATEMENT.

ELECTION DISTRICTS.	Average Repub'cn Vote.	Average Conserv. Vote.	For Constitution.	Against Constitution.	Repub. Gain.	Conserv. Gain.
Burke and McDowell,	1,284	430	1,449	1,134	....	539
Polk and Rutherford,	1,422	81	1,759	556	....	132
Mitchell and Yancey,	652	235	....	....	....	....
Buncombe, Madison, Henderson and Transylvania,	2,300	695	....	....	....	....
Jackson and Haywood,	663	537	....	maj. 362	....	488
Cherokee, Clay, and Macon,	699	374	....	....	....	....
Alleghany, Ashe, Surry, Yadkin and Watauga,	1,900	955	....	....	....	....
Alexander, Caldwell, Iredell and Wilkes,	3,088	1,490	....	maj. 156	....	1,734
Rowan and Davie,	1,524	1,121	....	maj. 712	....	1,120
Cleaveland,	630	653	693	915	....	199
Catawba,	426	638	399	1,058	....	447
Lincoln,	573	386	maj. 35	....	....	153
Gaston,	735	159	maj. 201	....	....	375
Mecklenburg,	1,473	918	1,705	1,925	....	775
Union,	875	349	maj. 15	....	....	511
Cabarrus,	859	463	....	....	....	....
Stanly,	417	278	....	....	....	....
Anson,	1,119	653	812	823	....	477
Stokes,	526	114	maj. 312	....	....	100
Forsythe	892	175	....	....	....	....
Davidson,	996	238	....	....	....	....
Randolph,	1,177	362	....	....	....	....
Guilford,	1,239	1,116	....	....	....	....
Rockingham,	748	224	....	....	....	....
Caswell,	1,111	334	....	maj. 23	....	800
Alamance,	789	643	....	maj. 15	....	466
Person,	692	788	906	717	285	....
Orange,	1,117	1,241	....	maj. 550	....	426
Chatham,	1,734	594	....	....	....	....
Wake,	2,961	1,813	3,336	2,980	....	192
Granville,	2,496	854	2,076	1,124	....	690
Warren,	1,983	572	2,227	945	....	129
Franklin,	1,309	790	maj. 196	....	....	323
Cumberland,	1,594	844	1,770	1,233	....	213
Harnett,	729	308	....	maj. 45	....	466
Moore,	632	537	....	....	....	....
Montgomery,	479	267	....	....	....	....
Richmond,	1,244	189	maj. 546	....	....	509
Wayne,	1,301	826	maj. 213	....	....	262
Johnston,	1,083	826	....	....	....	....
Greene,	739	346	801	394	....	186
Wilson,	668	385	....	....	....	....
Nash,	708	455	741	1,048	....	560
Halifax,	2,551	546	....	....	....	....
Northampton,	1,473	654	....	....	....	....
Edgecombe,	1,628	360	....	....	....	....
Lenoir,	1,101	363	....	....	....	....
Brunswick,	697	474	784	785	....	224
Columbus,	468	584	....	maj. 373	....	257
Robeson,	1,568	1,042	....	....	....	....
Bladen,	1,112	575	maj. 299	....	....	238
New Hanover,	2,919	1,091	3,568	2,235	....	495
Duplin,	1,006	967	962	1,489	....	566
Sampson,	928	863	....	maj. 147	....	212
Tyrrell and Washington	774	556	maj. 295	....	77	....
Martin,	787	570	....	....	....	....
Bertie,	1,094	119	....	....	....	....
Hertford,	507	515	....	....	....	....
Gates,	440	342	....	maj. 202	....	300
Chowan,	632	472	570	210	170	....
Perquimans,	851	902	....	....	....	....
Pasquotank & Camden,	1,265	578	....	....	....	....
Craven,	3,209	596	3,401	1,460	....	759
Onslow,	224	514	....	....	....	....
Carteret,	809	650	....	....	....	....
Jones,	530	305	maj. 148	....	....	77
Beaufort,	849	632	....	....	....	....
Pitt,	1,428	1,039	1,282	1,245	148	....
Hyde,	563	429	....	....	....	....
	78,999	39,994				

* For the sake of reference and comparison, we adopt the foregoing estimate prepared by the *Standard*, of this City, without having an opportunity to test its entire accuracy. It is based upon the election for delegates to the Convention, in November.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THIRTY BBLS. SUGAR—Differs 4 grades.
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

FORTY-THEE SACKS COFFEE, from 22½ to 25½c.
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

EIGHT HUNDRED LBS. COOKING SODA.
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

TWO HUNDRED GALLONS GOLDEN SYRUP. Only $1,00 per gallon.
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

800 LBS N. C. HAMS—Just received.
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

16,000 LBS. COTTON For sale by
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED GALS. Spirits Turpentine, for sale by
May 2-1f G T & W C STRONACH.

FOR SALE.
No 1 N. C. Family Roe Herrings, in kegs, warranted the best put up
May 2-1f W. H. JONES & CO., Auc'rs & Com. M'rchants

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE!

THE BEST JUDGES OF
FABRIC!
The best taste in STYLE! After "shopping" around, always buy of
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, May 2-1f

CALL IN!
YOU WILL SEE
WHY
WE LEAD THE RETAIL TRADE
of the City and County.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

2,000 YARDS GRENADINE!
A great novelty for
Ladies' Dress Goods.
Only 25 cents per yard.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

100 CASES OF SHOES, For Men, Women and Boys, lower than ever, direct from the manufactories.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

43 CASES OF SPRING AND SUMMER HATS, for Men, Women and Children, from 25 cents upwards.
May 2-1f W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

4,600 YARDS CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, Cloths, Nankinetts, Denimes, and Lenen Cottonades, from 25 cents per yard, and upward, for men and boys.
May 2-1f W H & R S TUCKER & CO.

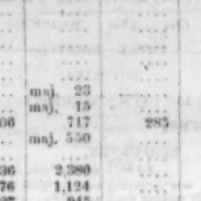
BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.
The Annual "General Meeting" of the Stockholders of the Bank of North Carolina will be held at their Banking House in this City on the "second Thursday" in June next—being the 11th day of the month.
C DEWEY,
Raleigh, May 2-wtd. Cashier.

AUCTION SALE.
Saturday, May 3rd.
WILL BE SOLD AT TOWLES' AUCTION, sale to commence at 10 o'clock:
Ready-made Clothing, Dry Goods and Fancy Articles. Two barrels Mess Beef. One two-horse Wagon. A collection of Furniture and other articles.
JAS M. TOWLES,
May 2-1t Auctioneer.

50 BUSHELS STOCK PEAS.
April 29-4t G T & W C STRONACH.

LIFE INSURANCE.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
January 31st, 1868.



Balance per statement Jan. 31, 1867,		$12,936,839 94
Deduct accrued Interest last Annual statement,		976,314 60
		13,450,325 34
Income from Premiums $6,284,695 17		
Income from Interest received and accrued, 1,246,191 72		
	$7,530,886 89	
Deduct, paid Medical Examinations, Salaries, Stationery, Printing, Advertising, $ 194,740 93		
Commissions to Agents, 733,692 26		
Taxes 88,572 85		
Surplus premiums returned to assured, 656,916 60		
For surrendered policies, 227,640 25		
Losses, 5,193,347 68		
	3,601,910 94	4,528,975 95
		$17,979,222 29
Increased value of Bonds and Stocks over cost,		1,169,399 45
Balance 31st January, 1868,		$19,148,621 74

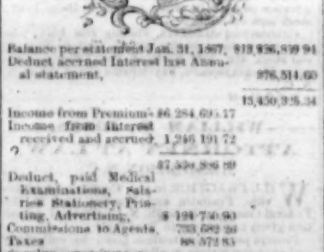
ASSETS.

Cash deposited,	$427,224 13
Real Estate at Cost	152,199 46
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage of Real Estate,	
United States Securities at Market value	5,344,487 85
	2,986,440 00
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,018,000 00
Bonds of the Cities of Evansville and Toledo,	32,000 00
Bank and Railroad Stocks,	82,300 00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds,	180,795 00
Premium Notes,	7,612,454 67
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in transit,	267,935 73
Interest accrued,	322,691 50
	$18,148,621 74

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 50 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.
S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
April 9-4f Raleigh, N. C.

GULLET COTTON GIN!
Warranted to give entire satisfaction.



Does not cut Staple. Cotton brings from one to one-and-a-half cents more in the pound than that ginned by other gins.
Call and see it at
Apr. 16—tf G T & W C STRONACH.

50 BUSHELS OF COTTON SEED—Good for cows.
April 30-1f W. ROBT ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN.
Just received.
W. ROBT ANDREWS,
April 30-1f Fayetteville St.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ITS IMPORTANCE AND ITS BENEFITS ARE INCALCULABLE.

A COMPANY PAYING LOSSES PROMPTLY FOR A LONG SERIES OF YEARS, AND IS A stranger to litigation, is entitled to the confidence and patronage of our people. And such is the

ÆTNA LIFE COMPANY.

In addition to the very large amount of

$17,485,894.71

paid since its organization, may be added the following policies settled in North Carolina to the 1st March, 1868, thus providing support and comfort to the widow and orphan in their bereavement and distress:

Policy No. 15,273	settled	$ 5,000
" " 18,038	"	5,000
" " 18,607	"	5,000
" " 24,092	"	2,000
" " 7,514	"	10,000
" " 20,650	"	5,000
" " 4,574	"	2,500
" " 35,067	"	10,000
Total		$ 45,500.00

The value of all Insurance, either against fire or life, is to know you are investing in a Company of responsibility, and prompt action in discharging all just demands against it. Such is the ÆTNA, having now:

ASSETS, $8,000,000.
DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

No. POLICIES 48,000.
DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

Fifty per cent Dividend is now being returned to all who have paid two premiums, and the Dividends will be given ANNUALLY to all such hereafter, who are insured upon the Life plan.

The Ætna issues policies upon ages from 14 to 65.

The Ætna will give a policy upon which 10 payments may be paid and nothing more will be required, though the party might live thirty or forty years, and after the payment of ten years he is entitled to the dividends of the Company so long as life continues.

The Ætna issues 10 years Endowment Policies to be paid at death or the specified time.

The Ætna gives a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge, and in all respects gives as many advantages to the insured as any other first-class Company.

W. H. McKEE, M. D., Examining Physician. W. H. CROW, General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Mar 24—3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agents desire to call attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. It will not insure in unsound Life.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. It has NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities; taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 73
ÆTNA	1 03
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 03
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 43

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—no restrictions with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.
These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.
Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.
For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. EAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—12t-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE
ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.
☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most
LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.
Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.
Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.
WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.
Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh N. C., March 28—1868-3m

BOARDING HOUSE,
NEWBERN, N. C.
MRS. S. J. CARROWAY has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, for the accommodation of her friends and the public, at the Cole House, on Pollock Street Newbern, a few steps West of the Railroad, where she is prepared to furnish excellent accommodation to ladies and gentlemen, who may favor her with a call. Terms moderate.
April 2-1m

Fresh Lobsters and Salmon, Tomatoes, Catsup, Nutmegs, &c.
April 27-1f W. H. JONES & CO., Auction & Com. Merchants.

A Consignment of Superior Black Writing Ink, very cheap.
April 27-1f W. H. JONES & CO. Auction & Com. Merchants.

ELWELL'S WEEDING HOES, Nos. 2 and 3. For sale low.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 24-4t With Hart & Lewis.

Board of Medical Examiners of the State of North Carolina.
THE Annual Meeting of the Board of Medical Examiners will take place in Morganton, on the 5th day of May, 1868.
By order of the President,
THOMAS F. WOOD,
April 17-4m Secretary.

Meal.
PRIME WHITE MEAL. 100 BUSHELS. For sale at $1,50 by
April 24-1f DOUGLAS BELL.

NORTHERN APPLES.
Five barrels Apples, (very nice) to-day received by
April 24 DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.
1,000 BUSHELS At
April 21-1t DOUGLAS BELL'S.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.
PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be the space estimated at 13 *minion* lines, or 11 inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in *form* at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks *for* $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to contract the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1868

ELECTION RESULTS.

According to the tabular statement, which we publish in another column, the Radical majority in the State, at the November election, was 39,005. Our column, to-day, embraces returns from 39 counties, in which the Conservative nett gain is 14,739. A similar ratio in the other counties, not included, would leave the infamous Constitution in a majority of a little over 5,000. If the figures reported to us as official, therefore, be correct, the Radical majority in the State, notwithstanding all their boasting, cannot be very large

Conservative members of the House of Representatives are conceded to be elected from the following counties, viz: Caswell 2, Duplin 2, Iredell 2, Mecklenburg 2, Orange 2, Rowan 2, and Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Camden, Carteret, Catawba, Cherokee, Clay, Cleaveland, Columbus, Currituck, Davie, Gates, Harnett, Haywood, Hyde Jackson, Macon, Martin, Nash, Onslow, Sampson, Stanly, Transylvania, Tyrrell, and Yancey, 1 each—Total 41. A number of counties are yet in doubt, some of which we have doubtless carried.

Conservative Senators are *known* to be elected from the following Districts, viz: Ninth, (Nash and Wilson;) Twelfth, (Duplin and Onslow;) Fourteenth, (Bladen and Columbus;) Twenty second, (Orange;) Twenty-fourth, (Caswell;) Thirtieth, (Mecklenburg;) Thirty-first, (Cabarrus and Stanly;) Thirty second, (Davie and Rowan;) Thirty-sixth, (Alexander and Iredell;) Forty first, (Burke, Caldwell and Wautauga;) Forty third, (Clay, Cherokee, Haywood, Macon and Jackson) Total 11. Several Districts are still in doubt, with a decided probability that two Conservative Senators are elected in the Sixteenth District, composed of the counties of Cumberland, Harnett and Sampson.

MILITARY CHANGES.—It is understood that Col. Bomford and his command have been ordered from this Post to Charleston. We have not heard definitely who is to succeed him, but there is some talk that Gen. Canby will establish his headquarters, for the Summer, in this City. Good men in our community, and elsewhere throughout his command, will part with Col. Bomford with regret. He has administered his delicate and responsible duties fairly, impartially, and as a conscientious officer. As there is to be a change, we hope that the rumor is true that Gen. Canby is to come to Raleigh, in person.

If an expression of the wishes and feelings of this community could be the means of retaining the services of Col. Bomford in this command, we have no doubt that the signatures of every gentlemen and lady in this city could be obtained to a petition to General Canby to continue him among us.

HYDE.—We are glad to learn that the first rumor, with regard to this gallant little county, is incorrect. It gives a handsome majority against the infamous Constitution and elects a Conservative member.

IF ANY one can glean an item of interest on the surface, above it or beneath it, in this city, at present, he has a keen scent.—We have never known the local news market so utterly dull and barren.

OPERA.—It will be seen, by the announcment in another column, that we are to have an Operatic entertainment, in this city, on Monday and Tuesday evenings.—This will be a most unusual treat for our citizens.

The performers come to us with no common recommendations. It is said that the *prima donna*, Miss Isabel McCulloch, is a most charming actress, and that she is well supported.

The Barber of Seville, of Rossini, is a master piece that draws crowds wherever it is properly produced on the stage, and our people may expect a rich treat with such a *caste* as that with which it will be brought out on Monday night.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The Messrs. Tucker & Co., begin the month of May with attractive announcements. Read their advertisements, and you will find that they have everything suitable for the season.

Sugar, Coffees, Soda, Syrup: G. T. & W. C. Stronach.

Auction of Ready made Clothing, Dry Goods, Fancy articles, &c., to-day: James M. Towles, Auctioneer.

No. 1 Family Roe Herrings: W. H. Jones & Co.

General Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of North Carolina: Chas. Dewey, Cashier.

NORTH CAROLINA MATTERS.

The two separate Boards of Registration for the two separate counties of Stokes and Forsythe *both met in Winston*, and continued there during the five days of registration,—although one of the Boards was *advertised* to meet at another place, which it never did, thereby disappointing a number of voters who had a right to register. This is of a piece with the manner in which "the thing was done" all over the State.

Whither are we tending? To a *black* anarchy! From every quarter of the State we hear of disturbances by negroes. The Rutherfordton *Vindicator* says that scarcely a night passes, but what it is "made hideous" by the congregation of drunken and boisterous negroes on the streets. On Friday evening last, a group of negroes gathered before the door of a worthy minister in that place, and made use of loud and most indecent language, to the great annoyance of all the residents in the vicinity.

The Greensboro' *Times* says that there are several men in those parts that deserve Brick Pomeroy's new military grade known as *Brevet Nigger*. Ditto for this "burgh."

The *Old North State* says that a very large, attentive and pleased audience listened to Gen. D. H. Hill's Lecture, in Salisbury, on Wednesday evening. His subject was "The South and Southern Literature;" and he proceeded to show what the South had contributed to the greatness and glory of the United States of America in the past, what she is now, and what she should prize and endeavor to foster, for the future.—Among these was prominent the cultivation of Southern literature, upon which he dwelt with most emphasis.

D. R. Goodloe, Esq., received thirty one votes for Governor in the town of Greensboro.

The Hon. Nathaniel Boyden's majority over that patriarchal fossil, Daddy Kowles, is upwards of 1,400.

The Milton *Chronicle* tells the following good story. In order to appreciate it, it must be mentioned that the *Radical nominee* for the Senate in Caswell, in opposition to that noble old patriot, the Hon. Bedford Brown, was one Jno. W. Stevens, who was regularly indicted, in Rockingham Court, for *stealing chickens*. This is the story:

"The story is told of a negro who stepped into Stevens' "office" at Yanceyville, during the election, when Stevens poked a Radical ticket at him, but the negro objected to it upon the ground that if he voted that ticket he might lose his bread and meat. Stevens, thereupon, assured him that the United States would have half-a-dozen wagon loads of rations there that evening, expressly to feed all such cases. The darkey listened attentively to the lies, and pretending to rejoice over the good news, asked Stevens if he would "issue chicken rations." We need not say the colored man left that room in double quick time."

The Rutherford *Vindicator*, in the following bold and nervous language, hits the nail exactly upon the head:

"*The so called Constitution is not ours!* The people of North Carolina, as known to history and the Constitution of the United States, did not make or adopt it. Usurpation and party selfishness ordered it at the point of the bayonet—ignorance, negro assumption and Yankee cunning made it—lying, deception, and intimidation of the ignorant and superstitious negro, and of the poor timid white man of small means, with frauds at the ballot-box, pretend to have adopted it; *but it is not the people's Constitution.*"

Guilford Superior Court last week was presided over by Judge Cilley. After delivering a charge to the grand jury and running over the docket, Court was adjourned over, on account of the election, until Friday morning, when the case of the State against J. W. Thomas, of Davidson, for perjury, was taken up. After two days days patient investigation, the jury, after being out for a short time, returned a verdict of guilty in manner and form as charged in the indictment. Shortly after the verdict was rendered, a motion was made by the counsel of the defendant for a new trial, which motion was granted by the Court.

The Goldsboro *Rough Notes* says that it is rumored that Holden has sent, to the care of Curtis H. Brogden, a lot of shoes, to be distributed among the negroes who voted for him. Does he intend to give every darkey, who voted *for* him, a pair, we wonder? That would exhaust the fund on hand. And there are the women leaguers, who ought to have a hoop skirt a piece!—The whole rumor is bosh, we reckon.

It is ascertained that only three men with white skins voted the "bed bug" ticket in Caswell.

The Milton *Chronicle* calls Carey ("de archives" man) a "nigger whitewashed mit tar."

THE NEW YORK *Tribune* shows some signs of a want of faith in the success of impeachment. It hopes that the Senate "will *immediately* admit the Senators from Arkansas, and North and South Carolina," and adds that "it will be no objection that it will add more votes in the Senate, in the President's case." So far as North Carolina is concerned, its Legislature cannot meet, under the new Constitution, to elect Senators, until fifteen days after that Constitution is accepted by Congress. It then has, under the Reconstruction Acts, to ratify the 14th. Article, before Senators will be admitted. So that the two Radical Senators from this State will hardly have an opportunity of showing their zeal, by voting for impeachment, unless it is in contemplation to protract the trial for many weeks.

We have no idea, however, that even a Radical Senate would be guilty of *such* an indecency as to increase the number of jurors, after the evidence is all in.

We are informed that thirteen colored children, sons and daughters of colored men who voted the Democratic ticket at the late election, have been discharged from the school known as the Lewis Institute, as a punishment for that act on the part of their fathers.—*Macon (Ga.) Journal.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 1, M.

Registration in this city, as it progresses here, shows an increasing white majority

HOUSE.—No legislative proceedings.

COURT.—No preliminary proceedings. Mr. Evarts resumed his argument and will conclude to-day, when Judge Stanbery follows.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 1, M.

Gold opened at 1,39½.

Cotton steady at 33¼.

Turpentine drooping, 76@76½.

Rosins steady at 3,45@7.

LIVERPOOL, May 1, M.

Cotton dull and prices unchanged.

The shipments of cotton from Bombay, according to corrected returns, since last report, up to April 17th., are 30,000 bales.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON—IMPEACHMENT, &C.

WASHINGTON, May 1, P. M.

Mr. Evarts closed at 3 o'clock.

After recess, Mr. Stanbery commenced, saying "Although feeble in health, an irresistible impulse urged him on; unseen but friendly hands sustained him, and voices, inaudible to others, he heard whispering of hope and confidence, and saying, or seeming to say, 'feeble champion of the right! hold not back! Remember the race is not always to the swift nor the battle to the strong! Remember "a single pebble from a brook was enough to overthrow the giant that defied the armies of Israel."

HOUSE.—The Ala Vela resolution was resumed. Brooks divided his hour among the Democrats and moved the previous question; not seconded.

An amendment was offered, which opened the way to debate.

Logan opened, and was called to order for using the word "villainous." He took it back.

He was next called to order for saying that Brooks said what Brooks knew to be untrue.

The Speaker ruled the expression parliamentary.

The date of the letter, which had been *denied* in the Court, a few days ago, was *admitted* in the House, but innocent motives asserted—the speech was very bitter.

Butler took the floor and accused Brooks of robbing his partners.

Butler asked Brooks, if, while he (Butler) was fighting, Brooks, in this House, did not call him a gold robber.

Brooks replied: "Yes, and I made you disgorge sixty thousand to a citizen of New York!"

Crimination and recrimination followed.

The Speaker called Brooks to order.

Brooks did not know why the Speaker had not called Butler to order. He (Brooks) did not know how he was to get satisfaction. He could not get it, personally, from a man, like Butler, who had been *whipped* at his home, in Massachusetts by a brick-layer for insulting the bricklayers wife!

The resolutions were tabled—70 to 26.

During the debate, Eldridge called Logan no gentleman, and Logan called Eldridge a blackguard.

Adjourned.

FROM VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, May 1, P. M

The bail bond of Jefferson Davis will be renewed, in the United States Circuit Court, to-morrow. He will not appear in person.

The trial, it is confidently stated, will be fixed for the last of May, or the middle of June, and will certainly take place.

EXPLOSION—LOSS OF LIFE.

BUFFALO, May 1, P. M.

The Propeller, Gov. Cushman exploded, to-day,—killing eleven persons.

SNAKE-BIT.

BALTIMORE, May, 1, P. M.

John Brooks, a famous snake fancier, was bitten by a pet rattle snake, to-day, and died in fifteen minutes.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, May 1, P. M.

Cotton steady. Sales of 18,000 bales at 32½.

Turpentine 76@78. Rosin 3,35@7.

Gold 1,39½. Sterling dull at 10½.

Tennessee sixes new, 66. North Carolinas 64½.

BALTIMORE, May 1, P. M.

Cotton very dull—nominally 32.

Flour dull.

WILMINGTON, May 1, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine closed at 64. Rosin firm. Strained 2,40; No. 1, 4,50; pale 5@5,50.

Cotton steady; middling 30

Tar 2,65.

LIVERPOOL, May 1, P. M.

Cotton closed quiet. Sales 10,000. Uplands 12½ Orleans 12¾.

Manchester advices unfavorable.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TUCKER HALL!

MISS S. ISABELL M'CULLOCH.

PARLOR ITALIAN OPERA.

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

FOR TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

Monday, May 4th, and Tuesday, May 5.

SIG. TORRIANI, for sixteen years musical Director of Max Maretzek's Opera Company, has the honor to announce to the public of Raleigh, and to the South in general, that he has effected an engagement with

MISS S. ISABELL M'CULLOCH,

The young and talented Prima Donna, whose brilliant debut in connection with the renowned La Grange Opera Company has made an era unknown in the musical world, for a brief tour through her native land, where she will appear in the two great roles of ROSINA in the Barber of Seville, and NORINA in Don Pasquale, by the two immortal composers, Rossini and Donizetti.

In announcing to the enlightened public of the South the appearance of one of their own daughters as Prima Donna, Sig. TORRIANI begs to state that in order to give greater eclat to these performances, he has obtained the invaluable support of the greatest artistes at present in the country.

MISS S. ISABELL M'CULLOCH.

PARLOR ITALIAN OPERA.

For Two Nights Only.

For Two Nights Only.

MONDAY, May 4th, Rossini's charming opera comique.

THE BARBER OF SEVILLE.

TUESDAY, May 5th, Donizetti's chef d'œuvre,

DON PASQUALE.

Monday, May 4th, will be represented Rossini's immortal opera comique, THE BARBER OF SEVILLE, with the following unapproachable caste:

Miss ISABELL McCULLOCH as	ROSINA
Sig. GIOVANNI ROSE, as	COUNT ALMAVIVA
Sig. CARLO ORLANDINI, as	FIGARO, THE BARBER
Sig. AGOSTINO SUSINI, as	DON BARTOLO
VINCENZO LOCATELLI as	DON BASILIO
Sig. ANGELO TORRIANI, Musical Director,	

PRICE OF ADMISSION.

Floor of the Hall	$1,00
Galleries	75

Reserved seats may be secured at Messrs Williams & Lambeth's Book and Music Store, at the additional charge of 50 cents.

☞ The sale of reserved seats will commence on Saturday, May 2nd, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Doors open at 7½; to commence at 8 o'clock.

may 2-3t

CONSERVATIVES, ORGANIZE!

If this vile Constitution, prepared by the late "black and tan" Convention, has been adopted, there exists an imperative necessity for a thorough organization of the elements in the State opposed to radicalism.

If we are to have negro suffrage, it has been thrust upon us, and for its evil consequences, the Conservatives of North Carolina are in no wise responsible.

From the result, humiliating as it is, let us pluck, by united efforts and indomitable energy, a glorious victory in the Fall elections, if we are permitted to take part in them.

It is conceded by all our speakers that time only was necessary to enable us to carry the late election, by thoroughly arousing the people, and by showing to them, in clear light, the impending evil, and by perfecting our organization, fusing together elements once antagonistic, but now tried by fire, and purified in the crucible of a common destiny of suffering and sorrow.

We cannot afford to sit with folded arms, and weep over blasted hopes, or ruined fortunes; but, girding on our armor, and relying upon the justice of our cause, and the ultimate triumph of truth, it becomes our duty *now*, before the smoke of the late battle has blown off, to gather our forces from seaboard to mountains, unite them with hoops of steel, and prepare them, under leaders of their own choice, for whatever the future has in store.

A common cause, and a common destiny, should awaken a spirit of union and determined effort to destroy the base political tyranny now oppressing them, by a complete overthrow, at the next elections, of the Radical party.—*Newbern Journal of Commerce.*

GEN. HANCOCK AS A CANDIDATE.—It is highly gratifying to notice the unanimous approval in all sections of the country with which the name of Gen. Hancock is received in connection with the next Presidency. He of all others is the man for the crisis.—No one would be more acceptable to the South, or inspire more confidence throughout the country. Free from all cliques and cabals, planting himself firmly upon the Constitution, he is the only man now named for that high office who has outridden the storm of Radicalism undismayed and unconquered. We feel satisfied that his name inscribed upon the Democratic banner would raise a storm of enthusiasm which, sweeping over the land, would scatter the Radical foes of liberty like chaff before the whirlwind, and restore again to history the prestige of the American name.—*N. O. Times.*

TO BE ADMITTED.—A bill has been introduced into the House authorizing the admission of North Carolina and Louisiana, and we shall soon see the iron-clad delegation from our sister State *en route* for Washington. The idea, however, that these carpet bag adventurers can represent North Carolina, either in sentiment or opinion, is preposterous, unless the great mass of ignorant and aggressive negroes be held to have sentiments and opinions which are entitled to representation.

The picture is mournful and suggestive. A State which has stood side by side with Virginia in all the great struggles of the last six years;—a Commonwealth which has a grand history of her own, cannot be represented by outside mendicants and itinerant patriots, and it behooves us to see to it that we are not placed in the same position now occupied by our sister State.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

WADE'S TREBLE DUTIES.—Mr. Evarts distinctly declared in his speech that if the President shall be removed "the presiding officer of the Senate will have to add to the office conferred upon him by the Senate the performance of the duties of President of the United States."

In other words, Wade will have to preside over the Senate and also to act as President, and will thus have the privilege of voting to sustain his own votes, should he find it necessary to disapprove any of the bills sent to him for signature. He will thus be a Senator from Ohio, will fill the place of the Vice President, and will also "act as President" of the United States.

MISCELLANEOUS.

250 STEEL HOES—Warranted. At
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

100 SACKS FAMILY FLOUR. Warranted 28 lbds N. C. Flour
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

100 PLOWS—All sorts and sizes.
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

300 PLOW POINTS—O. J. Self Sharpener, Kentucky and Livingston Points
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

SWEDES IRON 100 Bars warranted genuine.
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

SIX HUNDRED LBS. NICE DRIED APPLES. Just received.
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND LBS. WESTERN BACON Just received.
May 1-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

300 TONS

BOSTON ICE

FOR SALE.

CALL AND MAKE YOUR ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE SEASON.

PH. THIEM.

May 1-eod1m*

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

300 Tons of best Boston Ice for Sale.

At any time during the day, at my place of business, on Fayetteville Street.

For the accommodation of the people living nearer to the Institute of the Deaf, Dumb and the Blind, that Ice-house will be opened every morning, from the 1st of May, from 6½ to 7½ o'clock.

A. W. FRAPS.

Apr 14-3taw1m.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!

GUANO!!

PURE PERUVIAN GUANO!

$92.50 PER TON OF TWO THOUSAND pounds. Five cts. per pound by the bag. For sale by

May 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

For Sale.

N. C. FISH ON CONSIGNMENT

NO. 1 SHAD,

GROSS, CUT AND ROE HERRING.

Put up in best manner, on hand and to arrive.

COWARD & HARRISS,

Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

April 30-3w Norfolk, Va.

100 BUSHELS SWEET POTATOES.

April 29-tf G T & W C STRONACH.

$50 Reward.

STOLEN FROM ME, near the Granville and Person line, on the night of the 24th April, one BAY MARE, 8 years old, right hind foot white above the ankle, small white star in the forehead; badly cross-fallen. Also a round ring extending on each side of her withers, where she was burnt for a fistula.

I will give $25 reward for the mare, or $50 for the mare and rogue. Any information thankfully received. Address me at Oxford, N. C., care of Mr. Jas. Hunt.

April 28-tf AMOS ADCOCK.

SPECIAL NOTICES

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A New Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-1y-dawlm.

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the cheapest Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates.

Feb 18-16-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Another Soda Fountain.

Very Cheap for cash.

April 27-tf Auction & Com. Merchants. W. H. JONES & CO.

N. C. Canned Fruit.

Very Superior Peaches and Damsons.

April 27 Auction & Com. Merchants. W. H. JONES & CO.

THE THREE ESSENTIALS OF LIFE ARE

CLOTHING FOOD AND FUEL!

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

CAN SUPPLY THE

CLOTHING!!

WE HAVE MANUFACTURED, THIS SEASON, one of the largest and cheapest Stocks that we have had the pleasure of exhibiting to the public since the war.

The prices we are asking for Clothing, beautifully made up, reminds us of old times, sure enough.

Mr. ANDREWS can confidently state to his friends and customers, that no firm in this City can sell the same class of goods as cheap.

His partners in New York are large cash buyers for their Southern houses and are daily in the market picking up bargains

These advantages the citizens of Raleigh and strangers have, by buying their Clothing and Furnishing Goods from

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

April 23-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

A beautiful assortment of

HATS FOR MEN,

HATS FOR MEN,

HATS FOR CHILDREN.

At R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.

April 23-tf

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES,

LEATHER AND MOROCCO

TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at

April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—tf

RUMFORD'S YEAST POWDERS.

For sale by the dozen, at

April 10 tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

Buck-Eye Reaper.

JUST RECEIVED, at FARMER'S HALL, one of these celebrated Reapers and Mowers.

CALL AND SEE IT.

April 25-tf JN°. M. TOWLES, Ag't.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS AND JOBBERS IN

FOREIGN AND AMERICAN

DRY GOODS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

April 22-tf

AUCTION SALE

OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

In the Town of Danville, Virginia

ON Wednesday, 21st of May next, will be sold at public auction, without reserve, that valuable property, known as the **Danville New Hotel**, an elegant new five story brick building on Main street, lot 70½ x 187½ feet, built with all the modern improvements for a first class Hotel, and containing 87 rooms in addition to large Parlors, Dining Hall, &c. The location is one of the best in Virginia for a Hotel. The house opened and well kept, would secure, at once from seventy-five to one hundred good boarders. A great bargain may be had, as it will be certainly sold.

TERMS: One third cash; balance six and twelve months, with interest, satisfactorily secured

Will be sold at the same time and place, the Store House and lot adjoining, a valuable property. For further information address

JOHN M. JOHNSON, Esq.,

Cashier 1st National Bank,

Danville, Va.

April 15, 1868 tm.20.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

10 BBLS. PATAPSCO FLOUR.
10 bbls. North Carolina do.
50 sacks do do
For sale by
April 24-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

BANK OF CAPE FEAR,

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 17, 1868.

THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank, will be held in this City on Thursday, the 7th May next, at 10 o'clock.

J. G. BURR,

April 27—td Cashier.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON, Sides and Shoulders, for
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS

CARRIAGE MATERIAL,

PAINTS, VARNISHES

COLORS, OILS,

GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,

Belting Cloth.

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ Two doors below Southern Express Office.

April 30-tf

QUOTATIONS FOR N. C. BANK NOTES!

BUYING RATES AT BANKING HOUSE OF

HENRY G. KELLOGG,

CORNER OF WEST MARKET AND SOUTH ELM STS., IN TATE BUILDING.

Greensboro, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	55
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27½
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Lexington at Graham	23
" " Lexington old	18
" " " new	10
" Commerce	18
" Carolton	4
" Fayetteville	10½
" Washington	3
" Yanceville	2
Merchants Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers Bank of Greensboro, old	27½
" " " new	17
Miners & Planters Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wil	27
Greensboro Mutual	06½

Any Bank Notes sent us by Express will be remitted for, on *day of receipt*, at highest market rate, and if prices given are not satisfactory, the notes will be returned.

April 16—tf.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND

EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	55c
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	26
" Wilmington	27
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Graham (old)	23
" Lexington (old)	18
" " (new)	10
" Cumberland	18
" Charlotte	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceville	2
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	28
" " (new.)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	20
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. R. R. Stock	30

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-26tf-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 55
" Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	18
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	26
" Thomasville	60
" Wilmington	27½
" Commerce	17
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Carenden	4
" Yanceyville	2½
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	27
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	138
Silver	130
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Issues	50
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. R. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MARCH 21, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	28
" Charlotte	30
" Carelton	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	18
" (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	22
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	30
" Wadesboro'	26
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	2
" Wilmington	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miners' & Planter's Bank	40

Jan 16 tf-3m

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@22½
" BALT. & WESTERN	16@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	30@50
COTTON	25@25
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	20@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22@240
EGGS	17@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	6@@10
HIDES—Green	8c pr lb.
" Dry	12@15
HAY	$1@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7@10
PEAS—Stock	1 25@1 50
" White	2 00@2 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1 25
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
MULLETS	@8 50@9 00

REMARKS.

Cotton active and higher, prices from 1 to 2 cents better. We quote sales to-day (Monday) at 24 and 25. Butter scarce and in demand at good prices.

MISCELLANEOUS

SALT! SALT!

200 Sacks Salt at
Apr 20-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CHANGE BERRIES.

Very cheap
Apr 15-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

200 Sacks
100 Bbls. N. C. Family, low for cash.
April 27-tf W. H. JONES & CO., Com. Merchants.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible—If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; you, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 8 Fayetteville Street.

GRAND OPENING!

FOR

SPRING OF 1868!!

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!

HAVING NEWLY REFITTED MY OLD Stand, No. 16 Fayetteville Street, I am now daily receiving a splendid supply of the (in part) below enumerated GOODS. I am now prepared to offer to my customers, and the public in general, a full stock of

DRY GOODS,
FANCY GOODS,
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, &c.

SPRING SHAWLS,
SILK WRAPPINGS,
SILKS, &c.

HATS,
RIBBONS,
ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS, &c.
GLOVES AND HOSIERY,

LACE CURTAINS,
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS.

300 Pieces of the latest patterns of PRINTS.
150 Pieces bleached and unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS.

Ladies', Misses and Children's SHOES.

Gent's and Boys HATS of every description, and all the latest styles.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

in great variety.

"Richard's Patent Combined" Paper COLLARS and BOSOMS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS.

Ladies and Gent's Traveling Trunks, Valises, Morocco Bags, Railroad Bags, etc., etc.

Come one and all, and examine my stock, before buying elsewhere, and I promise YOU WILL NOT LOSE ANYTHING BY IT.

M. ROSENBAUM,

No. 16 FAYETTEVILLE ST.

April 21-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Wanted.

A PARTNER, with a small cash capital to engage with the subscriber in the manufacture of WRITING INKS and PERFUMERY, for the Southern market. Address,

April 29-1w ALBERT MAGNIN, Raleigh N. C.

Georgia Cotton Planters.

A NEW SUPPLY of Johnson's improved patented GEORGIA PLANTERS, Send in your orders at once to facilitate your planting and assure a good stand.

April 29-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Agent.

Flour! Flour!

EXTRA SUPERFINE AND FAMILY in store, and sold at reduced prices.

April 29-1w JAS. M. TOWLES.

MARYLAND HAMS.

1,000 pounds of Maryland Hams, for sale cheap by

May 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.

April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

50 DOZ. CANS FRESH PEACHES.

April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

For Rent.

ELEGANT BASEMENT ROOM, for business purposes, under the Raleigh National Bank. Also a first class BUILDING, adjoining, suitable for a Banking, Insurance or Law Office. Proposals invited for a few days at the Bank.

May 1-tf

To Stave Getters.

THE UNDERSIGNED, through the medium of the *Raleig

DAILY SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, MAY 9, 1868.

Daisy Day--A Reminiscence of Travel.

BY JOHN G. SAXE.

—*Carpe Diem!*—Hor.

It was in an Irish city,
In the pleasant month of May,
That I met the clever, pretty,
Lively, lovely Daisy Day.
Like myself, a transient ranger,
From Columbia's troubled shore,
Could I deem her quite a stranger,
Though we never met before?

Love of country—so despotic
In our precious native land—
Finds us doubly patriotic,
Straying on a foreign strand;
Hence, perhaps, her friendly manner,
And my pulse's quicker play,
When beneath St. Patrick's banner,
I accosted Daisy Day.

Bless me! how all eyes were centered
On her, when the parlor door
Opened, and the lady entered
Like a queen upon the floor!
'Twas as if, that summer even,
Some superlative perfume,
Wafted by the breath of Heaven,
Suddenly had filled the room!

Happy favorite of Nature,
Rose in her sunny face,
Juno in her queenly stature,
More than Juno in her grace,
Eyes befitting Beauty's goddess,
Mouth to steal your heart away,
Dust that strained her ample bodice
Such was charming Daisy Day!

Well—what then? Ah! Holy Mother!
Pardon one pathetic sigh—
She's the "partner" of another,
And—I own it—so am I!
But a poet owes to Beauty
More than common men can pay,
And I've done my simple duty,
Singing thus of Daisy Day!

THE ENGLISH CHURCH IN IRELAND

A writer thus sketches the English Church establishment in Ireland, which is now about to yield to legislation:

"The Hierarchy of the Irish Church consists at present of two archbishops—the Archbishop of Armagh and the Archbishop of Duplin—and ten bishops. The beneficed clergy are about 1,400, exclusive of deans, prebendaries, and other ecclesiastical dignitaries. The number of parishes in Ireland is about 2,400, most of which have their parish churches; but in some of these parishes there is often not a score of Protestants, while the Roman Catholics in them are counted by hundreds or thousands. Every parish in Ireland is provided with a clergyman, but as the number of clergymen is not equal to the number of parishes, in the numerous instances, one clergyman has the spiritual care of two or three parishes. In certain parishes where divine service is regularly performed in places of worship belonging to the establishment, the congregation might be counted upon the fingers, and there are cases in which, besides the clergyman and the clerk, no worshippers present themselves when the edifices are opened for the performance of the service. Meanwhile, in these places the Catholic churches are crowded with devout worshippers. The incomes of the parochial clergy arise partly from tithe charges, with glebe lands and house, and partly from a house tax on houses in cities and towns, the proceeds of which are known as minister money. The total annual revenue of the Established Church in Ireland is about £600,000, of which £400,000 is tithe rent charge. Originally the direct payment of tithes was universally enforced; then a law was enacted providing for composition for tithes; but this plan was attended with so much difficulty in the collection of payment, and gave rise to such serious disturbances of the peace, the enforcement frequently provoking outrage and bloodshed, that thirty years ago an act was passed by the British parliament abolishing composition for tithes, and substituting in their stead a fixed payment of three-fourths of their amount, to be paid by the landlords, or others having a perpetual interest in the land. The new arrangement, however, has by no means lessened the odiousness of the tax in the eyes of the Irish people."

In an old paper, printed nearly a century ago, we find the following on matrimony:

Oh, Matrimony! thou art like
To Jeremiah's figs:
The good is very good—the bad
Too sour to give the pigs.
I never dreamed of such a fate,
When I a lass was courted,
Wife, mother, nurse, seamstress, cook,
housekeeper, chambermaid, laundress,
dairywoman, and scrub generally, doing
the work of six,
For the sake of being supported.

THAT'S SO.—A sensible preacher lately said in one of his sermons, that "about the commonest proof we have that man is made of clay, is the *brick* so often found in his hand." The truth of this is daily demonstrated by the number of fellows seen staggering along the streets.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

OFFICIAL HISTORY OF THE WAR,

ITS CAUSES, CHARACTER, CONDUCT AND RESULTS.

By HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS.

A BOOK FOR ALL SECTIONS AND ALL PARTIES.

THIS GREAT WORK PRESENTS THE ONLY complete and impartial analysis of the causes of the War yet published, and gives those interior lights and shadows of the great conflict only known to those high officers who watched the flood-tide of revolution from its fountain springs, and which were so accessible to Mr. Stephens, from his position as second officer of the Confederacy.

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Cut and Finishing Nails, Cooking Stoves, furnished complete, Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, Shoe Lasts and Pegs.

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THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recovered is thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers be on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,0 0, $1,40.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland,) Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipts for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents.

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents

When the amount exceeds $100 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or actional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measure Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $30, 50 cents.

Costing more than $30, and not exceeding $50, $1.00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., (), which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.	*Term Expires*	INDIANA.	*Term Expires.*
Lot M Morrill r	'69	P A Hendricks, d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71	Oliver Morton, r	'73
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		ILLINOIS	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'71	Richard Yates, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'73	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		MICHIGAN.	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'67	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'73	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		WISCONSIN.	
Charles Sumner, r	'69	J R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73	Timothy O Howe, r	'73
RHODE ISLAND.		MINNESOTA.	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'71	Daniel S Norton, d	'71
CONNECTICUT.		IOWA.	
James Dixon d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'73	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		MISSOURI.	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		KANSAS.	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Alex G Gaitell, r	'71	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		NEBRASKA.	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'73	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		NEVADA.	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69	Wm M Stewart, r	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'71	James W Nye, r	'71
MARYLAND.		CALIFORNIA.	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69	John Conness r	'69
—— Hamilton, d	——	Cornelius Cole, r	'71
WEST VIRGINIA.		OREGON.	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69	Geo H Williams, r	'71
Waitman T Willey,	'71	Henry Corbett, r	'73
KENTUCKY.		COLORADO.	
—— Mc Creery, d	——	John Evans, r	——
Garrett Davis, d	'73	Jerome B Chaffe, r	——
TENNESSEE.			
D T Patterson, d	'69	*Not admitted.	
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71		
OHIO.		RECAPITULATION.	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69	Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 10.	
John, Sherman, r	'73		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.		Horace Maynard, e.	
John Lynch, r		William D Stokes, r	
sidney Perham, r		James Mullins, r	
James G Blaine, r		John Trimble, r	
John A Peters, r		Samuel M Arnell, r	
Frederick A Pike, r		Isaac R Hawkins, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		David A Nunn, r	
Jacob H Ela, r		OHIO.	
Aaron F Stevens, r		Benjamin Eggleston, r	
Jacob Benton, r		Samuel F Carey r	
VERMONT.		Robt O Schenck, r	
F E Woodridge, r		Wm Lawrence, r	
Luke P Poland, r		Wm Mungen, d	
W C Smith, r		Reader W Clarke, r	
MASSACHUSETTS.		Samuel Shellabarger, r	
Thomas D Eliott, r		C S Hamilton, r	
Oakes Ames, r		Ralph P Buckland, r	
Ginery Twi chell, r		James M Ashley, r	
Samuel Hooper r		John T Wilson, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r		Philad Van Trump, d	
Nathaniel P Banks, r		George W Morgan d	
George S Boutwell, r		Martin Walker, r	
John D Baldwin, r		Tobias A Plants, r	
Wm B Washburn, r		John A Bingham, r	
Henry L Dawes, r		Ephraim R Kelley, r	
RHODE ISLAND.		Rufus P Spaulding, r	
Thomas Jenckes, r		James A Garfield, r	
Nathan F Dixon r		INDIANA.	
CONNECTICUT.		Wm E Niblack d	
Richard D Hubbard, d		Michael C Kerr, d	
Julius Hotchkiss d		Morton C Hunter, r	
H H Starkweather, r		Wm S Holman, d	
William H Barnum, d		George W Julian, r	
NEW YORK.		John Coburn, r	
Stephen Tabor d		H D Washburn, r	
Demas Barnes, d		Goodlove S Orth r	
Wm E Robinson, d		Schuiter Colfax r	
John Fox, d		John P C Shanks, r	
John Morrisey, d		ILLINOIS	
Thomas E Stewart, d		At large—J A Logan, r	
John W Chandler, d		Norman B Judd, r	
Jas Brooks, d		John F Farnsworth, r	
Fernando Wood, d		Elihu B Washburne, r	
Wm R. Roberts on, r		Abner C Harding, r	
Thomas C Van Wyck, r		Ebeny H Van Eugeroll, r	
John H Ketchum, r		Burton C Cook, r	
Thomas Cornell r		H P Brunwell r	
John V L Pruyn d		Shelby M Cullom r	
John A Griswold, r		Lewis W Ross d	
Orange Ferris r		Albert G Burr, d	
Calvin T Hulburd, r		Samuel S Marshall, d	
James M Mervin, r		John Baker, r	
Wm C Fields, r		Green B Bunn, r	
Addison H Laflin, r		MICHIGAN.	
Alex H Bailey r		Fer C Beaman, r	
John C Churchill, r		Chas Upson r	
Denis McCarthy, r		Austin Blair r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r		Thos W Ferry, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r		B F Trowbridge, r	
Wm S Lincoln r		Jno F Driggs, r	
Hamilton Ward, r		WISCONSIN.	
Lewis Selye, r		Halbert E Paine, r	
Burt Van Horn, r		Ben F Hopkins, r	
James M Murphy, d		Amasa Cobb, r	
Henry Van Aernam, r		Chas A Eldridge, d	
NEW JERSEY.		Philetus Sawyer, r	
Wm Moore, r		C C Washburne r	
Chas Haight, d		MINNESOTA.	
Chas Sitgreaves, d		Wm Windom r	
John Hill, r		Ignatius Donnelly, r	
Geo A Halsey, r		IOWA.	
PENNSYLVANIA.		James F Wilson, r	
Samuel J Randall, d		Hiram Price, r	
Chas O'Neill, r		Wm B Allison r	
Leonard Myers, r		Wm Loughbridge, r	
Wm D Kelley, r		George M Dodge, r	
Caleb N Taylor r		Asahel W Hubbard, r	
Ben M Boyer, d		MISSOURI.	
Jno M Bromell, r		Wm A Pile, r	
Jno L Getz, d		Chas A Newcomb, r	
Thaddeus Stevens, r		Jas R McCormick, d	
Henry L Cake, r		Jos J Gravelly, r	
David M Van Auken, d		Jos W McClurg r	
Geo W Woodward, d		Robt T Van Horn, r	
Ulysses Mercur, r		Ben F Loan, r	
George F Miller, r		John F Benjamin r	
A J Grosslavenner, d		George W Anderson, r	
Wm H Koontz, r		NEBRASKA.	
Daniel J Morrell, r		John Trade, r	
Samuel F Wilson, r		NEVADA.	
Glenni W Scofield, r		Delos M Ashley r	
Darwin A Finney, r		CALIFORNIA.	
John Cowode, r		Samuel B Axtell, d	
Jas K Marchead r		Williams Higby, r	
Thomas Williams, r		James A Johnson, d	
Geo V Lawrence r		OREGON.	
DELAWARE.		Rufus Mallory, r	
John A Nicholson, d		COLORADO.	
MARYLAND		George M Chilcott, r	
Hiram McCullock d		DELEGATES.	
Stevenson Archer, d		ARIZONA.	
Chas E. Phelps, d		Coles Bashford, r	
Francis Thomas, r		DAKOTA	
Frederick Stone, r		Walter A Burleigh r	
WEST VIRGINIA.		IDAHO.	
Chester D Hubbard, r		E D Holbrook, d	
Bethuel M Kitchen, r		MONTANA.	
Daniel Polsley, r		Jas M Cavanaugh, d	
KENTUCKY.		NEW MEXICO.	
L S Trimble, d		C P Clever d (contested)	
John Y Brown, d		UTAH.	
John S Golladay, d		Wm D Hooper, d	
J Proctor Knott, d		WASHINGTON.	
Asa P Grover, d		Alvin Flanders, r	
Thomas L Jones, d		WYOMING.	
James B Beck, d		James S Casement, r	
George M Adams, d		RECAPITULATION.	
John D Young, d		(Without Delegates from Territories): Republicans 145. Democrats and Conservatives, 49.	
KANSAS.			
Sidney Clarke, r			
TENNESSEE.			
Roderick R Butler, r			

*Not admitted

Courts Of Pleas and Quarter Sessions.

Anson County—On the second Monday in January, April, July and October

Ashe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Alexander—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Alamance—First Monday after the 4th Monday of February, May, August and November

Alleghany—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Beaufort—Third Monday in March and September, and the first Monday in June and December.

Bertie—Second Monday in February, May, August and November.

Bladen—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Brunswick—First Monday in March, June September and December.

Buncombe—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Burke—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Cabarrus—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Camden—Second Monday in March, June, September and November

Carteret—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Caswell—First Monday after the 4th Monday of March, June, September and December

Catawba—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Chatham—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Cherokee—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Columbus—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Craven—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Cumberland—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Currituck—Last Monday in February, May, August and November

Cherokee—Second Monday in April, July, September and December

Clay—First Monday in April, July, September and December

Davidson—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Davie—Fourth Monday in Feb'ry, May, August and November

Edgecombe—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Franklin—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Forsythe—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Gates—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Granville—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Greene—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Guilford—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Gaston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Halifax—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Harnett—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Haywood—First Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Hertford—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Hyde—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Iredell—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Johnston—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Jones—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September, and on the last Monday in January and July

Jackson—Fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Lenoir—First Monday in January and July, and third Monday in March and September

Lincoln—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Martin—Second Monday in January, April, July and October

McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Mecklenburg—Second Monday in January April, July and October

Montgomery—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Moore—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Macon—Third Monday in April, July, September and December

Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April, July, September and December

Nash—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

New Hanover—Second Monday in March, June, September and December

Northampton—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Onslow—First Monday in March, June, September and December

Orange—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Pasquotank——— Monday in March, June, September and December

Perquimans—Second Monday in February, May, August and December

Person—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Pitt—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Polk—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Randolph—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Richmond—Third Monday in January, April, July and October

Rowan—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Robeson—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rockingham—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February, May, August and November

Sampson—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Stokes—Third Monday in March, June, September and December

Surry—Second Monday in February, May, August and November

Stanly—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Tyrrell—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Transylvania—Second Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

Union—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Wake—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Warren—Fourth Monday in February, May, August and November

Washington—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Watauga—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February May, August and November

Wayne—Third Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilkes—First Monday in February, May, August and November

Wilson—Fourth Monday in January, April, July and October

Yadkin—First Monday in January, April, July and October

Yancy—Fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in April, July, September and December

NUMBER OF POUNDS TO A BUSHEL.

Of Wheat	60 Pounds.
Of Shelled Corn	56 do
Of Corn on the Cob	70 do
Of Rye	56 do
Of Oats	32 do
Of Barley	49 do
Of Potatoes	60 do
Of Bran	20 do
Of Clover Seed	60 do
Of Timothy Seed	45 do
Of Flax Seed	45 do
Of Hemp Seed	44 do
Of Buckwheat	52 do
Of Blue Grass	14 do
Of Castor Bean	46 do
Of Dried Peaches	33 do
Of Dried Apples	24 do
Of Onions	57 do
Of Salt	50 do

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.

FRESH ARRIVAL—BUGGY MATERIAL.

Hickory Rims, Spokes, Finished Shafts, Hubs, Long Arm 1 inch patent Axles. Plated Hub and Sand Bands, Silver head, Japanese and Ivory Lining Nails, Band Nails, Curtain Knobs, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Axle Clips and Felloe Plates, Enameled Muslin, Drilling and Canvass, Dash Leather and Moleskin, Oil Cloth Carpeting, Japanese and Plated Buckles, Curtain Frames and Whip Sockets, Wood Stirrups, Buggy Springs, assorted.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 4-tf With Hart & Lewis.

ANOTHER LOT OF CANNED PEACHES.
Just received by
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Superior Courts.

FIRST CIRCUIT.

Tyrrell—First Monday in March and September
Washington—Second Monday in March and September
Pasquotank—Third Monday in March and September
Hertford—Fourth Monday in March and November
Gates—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Chowan—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Perquimans—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Pasquotank—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Camden—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Currituck—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SECOND CIRCUIT.

Duplin—Fourth Monday in March and September.
Wayne—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Green—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Lenoir—Third Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Craven—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Jones—Wednesday next after fifth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Onslow—Sixth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Carteret—Seventh Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Beaufort—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Hyde—Ninth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September
Wilson—Tenth Monday after the fourth Monday in March and September

THIRD CIRCUIT.

Martin—On the Monday before the first Monday in March and September.
Pitt—First Monday in March and September
Edgecombe—Second Monday in March and September
Nash—Third Monday in March and September
Johnston—Fourth Monday in March and September
Wake—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Franklin—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Warren—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Halifax—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Northampton—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FOURTH CIRCUIT.

Granville—First Monday in March and September
Orange—Second Monday in March and September
Chatham—Third Monday in March and September
Randolph—Fourth Monday in March and September
Davidson—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Forsythe—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Stokes—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Guilford—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Rockingham—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Caswell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Person—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Alamance—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

FIFTH CIRCUIT.

Harnett—Monday preceding the Monday next before the first Monday in February and August
Moore—Monday before the last in February and August
Montgomery—Last Monday in February and August
Stanly—First Monday in March and September
Anson—Second Monday in March and Sep.
Richmond—Third Monday in March and Sep
Robeson—Fourth Monday in March and Sep
Bladen—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Columbus—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Brunswick—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
New Hanover—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Sampson—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September
Cumberland—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in March and September

SIXTH CIRCUIT.

Davie—Fourth Monday in February and Aug
Yadkin—First Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Surry—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Alleghany—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Ashe—Fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in February and August
Wilkes—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Alexander—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Iredell—Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Union—Eighth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Mecklenburg—Ninth and Tenth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August.
Cabarrus—Eleventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Rowan—Twelfth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

SEVENTH CIRCUIT.

Catawba—Second Monday in February and Aug
Lincoln—Third Monday in February and Aug
Gaston—Fourth Monday in February and Aug
Cleveland—First Monday after the 5th Monday in February and August
Polk—Second Monday after the 5th Monday in February and August
Rutherford—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
McDowell—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Burke—Fifth Monday after the 5th Monday in February and August
Caldwell—Sixth Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August
Wa——Seventh Monday after the 4th Monday in February and August

EIGHTH CIRCUIT.

Clay—First Monday in April and September
Cherokee—Second Monday in April and Sep
Macon—Third Monday in April and September
Jackson—Fourth Monday in April and September
Haywood—First Monday after the fourth Monday in April and September
Transylvania—Second Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Henderson—Third Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Madison—Fourth Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Yancey—Fifth Monday after the 4th Monday in April and September
Mitchell—Sixth Monday after the fourth in April and September
Buncombe—Seventh Monday after the 4th in April and September, continued two weeks.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISERS.

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22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
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Plated Cocks,	Emerald Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
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Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
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Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-306-1y

CORN.

1,000 bushels on hand and to arrive.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

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" 50 " " Shoulders.
Just to hand,
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

HAY.

50 bales Hay.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

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NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

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William E. Pell, } Editors.
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In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;